

MANICALAND STATE UNIVERSITY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING, SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

DEPARTMENT: CHEMICAL AND PROCESSING ENGINEERING

MODULE: FUELS AND ENERGY
CODE: HCHE 523

SESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS
APRIL 2023

DURATION: 3 HOURS

EXAMINER: MRS MUHEZWA C.

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer any four questions.
- 2. Start a new question on a fresh page
- 3. Total marks 100

Aitional material(s): Calculator

QUESTION 1	
a) Describe how natural gas is formed.	[3]
b) Identify the environmental impacts of using fossil fuels	[8]
c) Describe how biomass is tapped as a source of energy	[6]
d) Outline the advantages and disadvantages of using wind energy.	[6]
e) What is the mandate of The Environmental Management Agency (EMA)? [2]
QUESTION 2	
a) Differentiate between the <i>proximate</i> and the <i>ultimate</i> analysis as far as f	uels
are concerned.	[4]
b) With respect to petroleum fuels, explain the following terms	
i. specific gravity	
ii. flash point	
iii. calorific value	
iv. ash content	[8]
c) A petroleum component has a density of 600 kg/m³ and pure water, a de	nsity
of 1000 kg/m ³ . Calculate the API gravity value for the component. Hence	e
explain the significance of this value	[4]
d) Describe and explain the fractional distillation of petroleum in a fraction	nating
column	[9]
QUESTION 3	
a) What is meant by <i>coal rank</i> ?	[1]
b) Distinguish between high rank and low rank coals. Give two examples of	of
each.	[8]
c) Define weatherability and grindability index as applied to coal	[2]

d) Explain why coal with a sulfur content > 5 % is not recommended for	
combustion	[2]
e) Describe the principles of operation of a moving bed gasifier [[4]
f) Distinguish between an allorthermal and an autothermal process during co	al
gasification [[2]
g) Identify any three products of the gasification process and one use of each	l
of these products	[6]
QUESTION 4	
a) The Fischer–Tropsch process is a fully developed and exploited technique	for
solving energy uses in different countries.	
i. Name four catalysts that are used in the process	[4]
ii. Give the temperature and the pressure under which the process occurs	[2]
iii. Describe the principle behind the process	[4]
iv. Give two products formed from the process	[2]
b) Briefly describe the operation of a heat pump. Give two examples of heat	
pumps [[5]
c) Catalytic convertors are an essential component of internal combustion	
engines	
i. Describe the use of a catalytic convertor in engines [[2]
ii. Give chemical equations of any three chemical reactions that take	
place in a three-way catalytic convertor [[3]
iii. What causes knocking in engines and how may anti-knock properties	S
of gasoline be improved.	[3]
QUESTION 5	
a) After the fractionating process in the petrochemical industry lower distillate	es

and the residues can be made to undergo the cracking process.

	1.	Define cracking	[2]
	ii.	Outline properties of the lower distillates and the residuals	[4]
	iii.	Compare and contrast thermal and catalytic cracking	[6]
b)	Hydr	ogen has been forecasted to become one of the renewable energy so	urce
	in a t	niversally acknowledged 'hydrogen economy.'	
	i.	Describe what is meant by <i>The Hydrogen Economy</i> .	[3]
	ii.	Give any five processes that can be used as a source of hydrogen	[5]
	iii.	Outline advantages of a hydrogen fuel cell	[3]
	iv.	State the energy conversion that take place in a fuel cell	[2]

END OF EXAMINATION