MANICALAND STATE UNIVERSITY OF APPLIED SCIENCES

FACULTY OF ENGINEERING

Chemical and Processing Engineering Department ORGANIC SYNTHESIS

CODE: HCHE 213

SESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS

APRIL-MAY 2021

DURATION: 3 HOURS

EXAMINER Dr BC NYAMUNDA

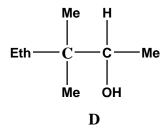
INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Answer any four questions
- 2. Each question carries 25 marks
- 3. Total marks 100

Question 1

a. Outline the mechanism for the acid catalysed dehydration of the alcohol D clearly showing **methyl** 1,2-rearrangement reaction to form **two** products.

[8]



b. Norrish reactions are examples of photochemical reactions. Make use of the following organic structure to show how a Norrish 1 photochemical reaction produces five different products.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{CH}_3\\ |\\ \text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\text{COCH}\\ |\\ \text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3\\ \end{array}$$

c. Make use of hydrolysis of 3-bromo 3-methyl hexane to illustrate what is meant by SN1 mechanism (include kinetics and reaction mechanism).

[6]

- d. Under what reaction conditions are substitution or elimination reactions promoted in circumstances where organic molecules are capable of undergoing both reaction types? [2]
- e. With aid of organic structures show **four** different groups/classes of organic compounds capable of exhibiting geometric isomerism. [4]

Question 2

- a. i. Draw and name conformers (Newman projections) exhibited by propane [4]
 - ii. Plot a graph of energy versus bond rotation of propane from 0° to 180° [5]

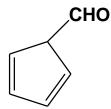
b. Define the terms absolute configuration, chiral carbon and dexta-rotatory

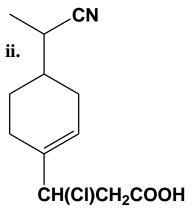
[3]

- c. Assign R and S configurations for 2 chloro butane amine . [2]
- d. Draw organic Z and E structures for but-2-ene. [2]
- e. Encircle all chiral carbon atoms in the following organic structures stating the **type** of hybridization on carbon atoms for each of the organic compounds?

[9]

i.





Question 3

a. Identify the organic product and describe the mechanism of the following organometallic reaction: [5]

b. Give the chemical structures of products of the following Diels-Alder reactions showing the **electron** movement in each reaction. [2x3]

i.

ii.

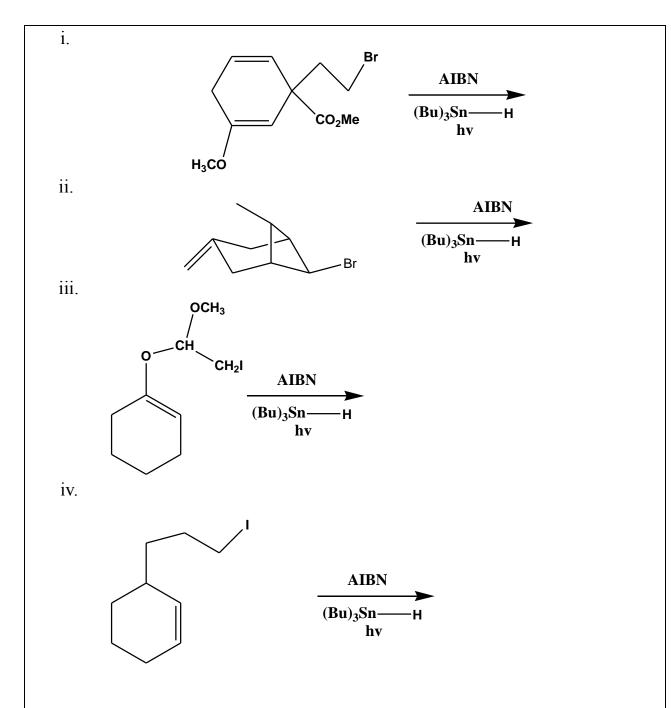
c. Identify the starting materials and complete the following Diels-Alder reactions showing arrows for movement of electrons/bonds: [3x2]

i.

$$W + Z$$
 CH₂COOH

ii.

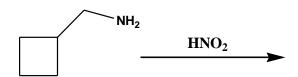
d. Identify structures of organic products of the following free radical reactions [8]



Question 4

Predict the structural products of the following reactions and outline the reaction mechanism of each. [25]

a.



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b.

c. CH₃CH₂COCH₃ + NaHSO₃

Question 5

Methylbenzene is a starting material for the industrial processes shown in reaction scheme below:

- a. Draw molecular structures of compounds B, C and D. [3]
- b. Name the type of reactions (i-iii) [3]
- c. Outline the reaction mechanism for the formation of compound C from B
- d. Outline the reaction mechanism for the reaction of B with propanone. [8]

[6]

- e. Outline the reaction mechanism for the formation of B from A. [3]
- f. Compound B is formed together with a second isomer. Draw the structure of the isomer. [2]

END OF PAPER